# **CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY FOR ENGINEERS (YACHT)**

# EXAMINATIONS ADMINISTERED BY THE SCOTTISH QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY ON BEHALF OF THE MARITIME AND COASTGUARD AGENCY

STCW 95 CHIEF ENGINEER (REG. III/2) - "YACHT 2"

052-02 APPLIED MARINE ENGINEERING

Materials to be supplied by examination centres:

Candidate's examination workbook

FRIDAY, 13 MARCH 2009

1400 - 1600 hrs

CXall	examination paper inserts.					
Notes	s for the guidance of candidates:					
1.	Non-programmable calculators may be used.					
2.	All formulae used must be stated and the method of working and ALL intermediate steps must be made clear in the answer.					

#### APPLIED MARINE ENGINEERING

## **Attempt ALL questions**

## Marks for each question are shown in brackets

1.	(a)	State the approximate weight ratio of aluminium to steel.	(1)			
	(b)	State the approximate melting point of aluminium.	(1)			
	(c)	Explain the naturally occurring process that improves the corrosion resistance of aluminium.	(3)			
	(d)	Describe the precautions that may be taken when welding aluminium to prevent cracking.	(5)			
2.	Explain EACH of the following annealing processes, stating when these may be necessary for plain carbon steels:					
	(a)	normalising;	(3)			
	(b)	full annealing;	(3)			
	(c)	spheroidizing;	(2)			
	(d)	stress relief.	(2)			
3.	Des	cribe the differences between a synthetic lubricating oil and a mineral lubricating oil.	(10)			
4.	(a)	Explain what is meant by the flash point of a fuel oil, outlining the importance of the flash point value for the storage of fuel oils.	(4)			
	(b)	Explain how the flash point of a lubricating oil may change in service.	(2)			
	(c)	Explain why a fuel or lubricating oil is heated before treatment in a centrifugal separator.	(4)			
5.	(a)	Sketch a diagrammatic arrangement showing a brushless a.c. generator.	(5)			
	(b)	Explain the operation of this arrangement.	(5)			

6.	(a)	Explain the term <i>neutral point insulated</i> distribution.	(2)
	(b)	Describe the advantages and disadvantages of a neutral point insulated system compared with an earthed neutral point system.	(8)
7.	Wit	h reference to battery installation on board:	
	(a)	explain the term vented type battery;	(2)
	(b)	explain the term sealed type battery;	(2)
	(c)	for battery banks with a charging power greater than 2kW, detail the regulations governing the installation, ventilation and location for EACH of the following:	
		(i) vented type batteries;	(4)
		(ii) sealed type batteries.	(2)
8.	Wit	h reference to paralleling and load sharing of generators, explain EACH of the following:	
	(a)	the possible causes of no voltage indication on start up of a stand-by generator;	(2)
	(b)	the purpose of the 'no voltage protection interlock';	(2)
	(c)	the reason for the incoming machine to be running slightly faster than the busbar frequency at the instant of closing the incoming breaker;	(2)
	(d)	how equal kVAr load sharing is maintained;	(2)
	(e)	why the power factors may be different even though the kW loads are equal.	(2)
9.	Exp	lain EACH of the following control terms:	
	(a)	settling time;	(2)
	(b)	stability;	(2)
	(c)	dead zone;	(2)
	(d)	hysteresis;	(2)
	(e)	bandwidth.	(2)

10.	(a)	Comparing hydraulic and mechanical governors:	
		(i) describe TWO advantages of hydraulic governors;	(2)
		(ii) describe TWO disadvantages of hydraulic governors.	(2)
	(b)	Explain the purpose of EACH of the following hydraulic governor features:	
		(i) the accumulator;	(2)
		(ii) the power piston;	(2)
		(iii) the pilot valve system.	(2)