GENERAL ENGINEERING SCIENCE I

Attempt ALL questions

Marks for each question are shown in brackets.

Section A

1. (a) Evaluate x in the expression. When a = 0.2, b = 2, c = 4, d = 16:

$$x = \frac{a \times (3+b)^2 \times c^{(1/2)}}{\left(\sqrt{d}\right)^{(1/2)}} \tag{4}$$

(b) Simplify the following expression:

$$\frac{3X}{2} - \frac{2X}{3} + \frac{4X}{5} \tag{4}$$

2. (a) Rearrange the following expression to make c the subject:

$$x = \frac{ab+c}{a+c} \tag{5}$$

(b) Simplify the following expression:

$$\frac{a^3 \times b^4 \times c \times a^6}{a^3 \times c^2 \times b^2 \times a \times b \times a^5} \tag{3}$$

3. (a) Plot the data in Table Q3 on a graph.

(4)

(b) Determine the equation describing the data.

(4)

(c) Determine the value of y when x is 2.5.

(2)

X	-1	0	1	2	3	4
Y	-1	2	5	8	11	14

Table Q3

4. For the shape shown in FIG Q4, determine EACH of the following:



(b) the total area of both shapes.

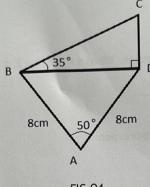


FIG Q4

5. Describe EACH of the following:

- (a) an equilateral triangle; (2)
- (b) a scalene triangle; (2)
- (c) an isosceles triangle; (2)
- (d) a tangent to a circle. (2)

6. It is required to cast a hollow bronze sphere 25 cm in diameter by melting a 15 cm cube of bronze and pouring it into a spherical mould. The mould will be rotated until the bronze solidifies to ensure an even wall thickness.

Determine EACH of the following:

- (a) the average wall thickness of the finished sphere; (5)
- (b) the outside surface area of the finished sphere. (3)

Section B

A 50 kg mass has its velocity uniformly increased from stationary to 4 m/s in 20 seconds. The mass is then decelerated at 0.3 m/s² until it comes to a stop. Determine EACH of the following:

(a) the accelerating force required;

(b) the time taken in the deceleration phase; (4)

(4)

(c) the total distance travelled. (2)

Note: any effects of friction may be ignored

A simply supported beam is shown in FIG Q8. The beam has a mass of 400 kg and carries a uniformly distributed load of 4 kN/m over a length of 3 m starting from point C, 1.0 m from point A.

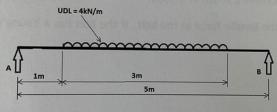


FIG Q8

Determine EACH of the following:

- (7) (a) the reaction force reaction at point A;
- (1) (b) the reaction force reaction at point B.
- (2) (a) Define momentum.
 - (1) (b) State Newton's Law of force.
 - (c) State the relationship between force and momentum. (2)
 - (d) Taking atmospheric pressure to be 1.01325 bar, calculate the mass of air acting downwards onto a square meter of the earth's surface. (3)

10.	cau	tationary packing case with a mass of 50 kg has a force applied to it which ses acceleration in a horizontal plane. The force of 120 N is applied at an le of 10° below the horizontal, pulling the block.	
	Det	ermine the acceleration of the block, if the coefficient of friction is 0.2.	(8)
11.	and	vorm/wheel gear with an overall efficiency of 78% has a single start thread carries an effort pulley with a diameter, d = 30 mm. The wheel has teeth and a load pulley of diameter, D = 300 mm.	
	(a)	Sketch the general arrangement of the machine.	(2)
	(b)	Determine the effort required to lift a load of 800 kg.	(6)
12.	(a)	Explain the difference between shear stress and direct stress.	(2)
	(b)	A high tensile steel bolt with a diameter of 40 mm is tightened with a torque	
		wrench to achieve a strain of 0.0005.	
		Determine the tencile force in the helt if the helt has a Vermala Had	
		Determine the tensile force in the bolt, if the bolt has a Young's Modulus of 200 GPa.	(6)
			(6)
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			(6)
			(6)
		200 GPa.	(6)
			(6)
		200 GPa.	(6)